



**HYPERTENSION**

- RISK FACTORS
- SIGNS & SYMPTOMS
- PATHOPHYSIOLOGY
- MANAGEMENT

**HYPERTENSION**

- DEFINITION
- CLASSIFICATION
- PATHOPHYSIOLOGY
- CLINICAL PRESENTATION
- INVESTIGATIONS
- MANAGEMENT

**HYPERTENSION**  
Hypertension is a chronic medical condition in which the blood pressure in the arteries is persistently elevated. High blood pressure usually does not cause symptoms until it has reached a fairly advanced stage. If left untreated for a long time, it can lead to heart disease, stroke, and other complications. High blood pressure is usually ascribed to a number of causes. In many cases, the cause is unknown. High blood pressure is usually ascribed to a number of causes. In many cases, the cause is unknown.





# "BLOOD DONATION CAMP"



IN MEMORY OF LATE SHEKHAR JYOTI DAS

Theme : Give Blood & Keep The World Beating

Jointly Organised by

Girijananda Chowdhury Institute of Pharmaceutical Science ALUMNI Association  
Girijananda Chowdhury Institute of Pharmaceutical Science

in collaboration with  
**Pharmaceutical Ltd.**  
Guwahati Medical College & Hospital on  
**11th September, 2021**

Time : 10 am to 2 pm  
Venue : Girijananda Chowdhury Institute of Pharmaceutical Science, Azara, Guwahati











